ABC Packet for Teachers

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ABC Application Activity 1

Student	Staff		Dates
	for to observe in a single student. The ion or time of day. Track 5 occurrences		
Routine	When (Antecedent)	Student will (Behavior)	Because (Consequence)
1 st Incident			
2 nd Incident			
3 rd incident			
4 th incident			
5 th incident			
Summary Statement			
During	, When (A)		
student will (B)	be	cause	·
Therefore the function of the	he behavior is to access / escape / av	void	
	(circle one)		

Function-Based Interventions

Behavior to Avoid Tasks

Below are guidelines for interventions addressing the function of student problem behavior to avoid task. Teams will still need to tailor each of the suggestions below to the specific needs of the student, teacher and context... particularly with regard to the specific aspects of the task that are leading the student to choose to avoid the task.

PREVENTION



Interventions occurring before the behavior occurs to prevent problem behavior and prompt desired behavior

Prevention (modify task or provide support)

Modify assignments to meet student instructional/skill level (adjust timelines, provide graphic organizers, break in to smaller chunks, etc.)

Assign student to work with a peer

Provide add'l instruction/support; help get the student started to ensure understanding/ mastery Provide visual prompt to cue steps for completing tasks student struggles with

Provide additional support focused on instructional skills (Homework Club, study hall, etc.)

PreTeaching content

PreCorrect - Frequently & deliberately remind student to ask for help

TEACHING BEHAVIOR

Teaching more ap

Teaching more appropriate/less disruptive behaviors to use instead of the problem behavior to get student needs met (in this case Avoid task)

<u>Identify & teach specific examples of ways to ask for help (from teacher or peers) or to ask for a break</u>

Raise hand and wait patiently for teacher to provide help

Teach student how to ask an assigned peer for help

Teach & role play with student and peer what peer help should look like

Teach student to use a break card and how to take a break appropriately

Provide additional academic instruction/support to address student skill deficits

May require additional assessment to ID specific skill deficits limiting student success

More focused instruction in class

Additional support and practice in school or at home

Additional instructional group

Special Education support for academic deficit

RESPONSE TO BEHAVIOR

C

Intervention that occur after (or in response to) desired or non-desire behavior to encourage desired behavior and limit pay-off for non-desired behavior

Respond quickly if student asks for help or for a break & provide praise

Praise/reward students for being on task, trying hard & work

Eliminate/minimize the amount of missed instructional time or work provided to a student for engaging in problem behavior

However, we need to make sure student is capable of doing work... if not, provide support/instruction so student can complete the work

Often students need additional encouragement to engage in the desired behavior...

Student could earn opportunity to avoid task (e.g. free homework passes or reduced numbers of problems) as an incentive for consistently being on task & completing work in class

ABC Application Activity 6 Function Based Intervention Escape

Identify Interventions for a student in your class who engages in problem behavior to Avoid/Escape tasks or instruction.

During	, When (A)	
the student will (B)		because
(C)		,·
	of behavior is to access / escape / avoid (circle one)	
Use the provided Fi	unction-Based Interventions guide for	r 'Behaviors to Avoid

Use the provided Function-Based Interventions guide for 'Behaviors to Avoid Tasks'.

Proactive - Positive Behavior Support				
Antecedent (how to prevent problem	Teaching B ehavior	Out <u>C</u> ome (focus on acknowledging		
behavior & set student up to be successful)		desired behavior)		

Function-Based Interventions

Attention Seeking Behavior

Below are guidelines for interventions addressing the function of student problem behavior when seeking adult attention. Teams will still need to tailor each of the suggestions below to the specific needs of the student, teacher and context.

A

PREVENTION

Interventions occurring before the behavior occurs to prevent problem behavior and prompt desired behavior

Prevention (give attention early & often for desired/neutral behavior)

Check-in – provide adult attention immediately upon student arrival

Give student leadership responsibility or a class 'job' that gives the student the opportunity to interact w/ staff

Place student in desk where they are easily accessible for frequent staff attention

Give student frequent intermittent attention for positive or neutral behavior

PreCorrect - Frequently & deliberately remind student to raise their hand and wait patiently if they want your attention

B

TEACHING BEHAVIOR

Teaching more appropriate/less disruptive behaviors to use instead of the problem behavior to get student needs met (in this case Attention)

Identify and teach specific examples of ways to ask for attention

Raise hand and wait patiently for teacher to call on you

May need to differentiate signals for large group, small group, work time, etc.

C

RESPONSE TO BEHAVIOR

Intervention that occur after (or in response to) desired or non-desired behavior to encourage desired behavior and limit pay-off for nondesired behavior

Respond quickly if student appropriately requests (raises hand) adult attention Give the student frequent adult attention for positive behavior

Eliminate/minimize the amount of attention provided to a student for engaging in problem behavior

Limit verbal interaction – create a signal to prompt the student to stop the problem behavior & to raise hand to request attention more appropriately Avoid power struggles

Often students need additional encouragement to engage in the desired behavior...

Student can earn an activity that provides teacher attention (e.g. lunch or game w/ teacher) when student consistently earns points for paying attn in class & asking appropriately for attention

ABC Application Activity 6 Function Based Intervention Attention

Identify Interventions for a student in your class who engages in problem behavior to obtain Attention.

During	, When (A)	
the student will (B)		
because (C)		
Therefore the function of be	chavior is to access / escape / avoid	
	(circle one)	

Use the provided Function-Based Interventions guide for 'Attention Seeking Behaviors'.

Proactive - Positive Behavior Support				
Antecedent (how to prevent problem behavior & set student up to be successful)	Teaching B ehavior	Out <u>C</u> ome (focus on acknowledging desired behavior)		